

Cabled Cottage Socks

A toe up crochet pattern



*A Breton Yarnerie Pattern
Designed by Nicole Cormier
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This is the next evolution of my Cape Breton Cables sock pattern, After seeing what people had done with that particular sock pattern on ravelry.com, I was inspired to do more. Originally, I thought I'd struggle doing the cable and other elements of sock making all at once. During the process, though, I discovered that I could do this in my sleep!! Owing to its visible nature, I find cable patterns to be deceptively easy when worked in crochet.

This sock is meant for padding around the house on those crisp fall days when you need to throw another log on the fire. Although there are cables on the top of the foot and the front/back of the cuff, I was able to put my docs on and walk around the house comfortably, so as long as your boots are not too narrow these could be nice warm boot socks, too.

Yarn: 2 Skeins Bernat Sox Multi

Hook: 2.75mm

Gauge: 6 sts/1 inch

Finished Size: if made to my numbers, this sock will fit a US Women's Size 9. Due to the 26 st repeat needed for the cable pattern, it might be easier to size up or down by changing hooks instead of altering the stitch count. For example, I was able to make something that would fit a US Women's 7/8 by using a 2.50mm hook, in order to make these for a friend.

To adjust for size, make a few swatches with different sized hooks and use the measurements you gain from them to determine how the sock will fit. You need to make sure that the sock will comfortably fit your widest foot measurement, which is around the ball of your foot. This measurement is generally the same as, or close to, the length of your foot as well. My foot measures 9" around and my sock falls just a shade short of that. I made this with no negative ease because I wanted something that fit more like a slipper sock than a regular sock.

Special Stitches:

Twisted Stitches:

These aren't actually twisted at all, but like their knitted counterparts, they are traveling stitches that move across fabric.

Twist Right:

This moves your cable to the right. Well, okay, that was stating the obvious. :D

Work up to the point where the directions say "TWR". This is worked over the next two stitches. Place a sc in the next stitch, and then work your front posted stitch. As always, do not place a stitch in the sc behind your front posted stitch. Now carry on to the next pattern instructions.

Twist Left:

This moves your cable to the left.

Work up the point where the directions say "TWL". This is worked over the next two stitches. Work a front posted stitch in the next stitch, skipping the sc directly behind it. Work a sc in the next st after that.

Sometimes you will get a TWL followed right away by a TWR. This means that there will be two skipped stitches one right after the other, behind your posted stitches.

If you are right handed, then you will have to reverse these twists.

X:

This is just a criss-cross of two posted stitches. Work up to the point where you make your X, and skip the next posted stitch in the row below. Work a posted stitch in the stitch after the skipped stitch and, working in front of the stitch you just made, make a posted stitch in the skipped stitch.

Toe:

Ch 17, flip the chain and working in the bottom bumps, sc in 2nd ch from hk and each ch across. 16 sc. Flip the chain again and work 16 sc across the top chains. 32 sc. Mark the side sts. You will be making increases before and after each marked side st, for a total of 4 increases per increase round.

Rnd 1: Work marked st, inc in next st, sc to 1 st before next marked st, inc in this st, sc in marked st, inc in next st, work across to last st before beginning marker. Inc in this st. 36 sts

Rnd 2: Work even around.

Periodically stop and flatten your toe widthwise and check your side markers. Readjust as required to keep them on the sides.

Repeat rounds 1 & 2 until you have 56 sts.

From now on you will be joining and turning your rounds. The rest of the pattern is included after the section entitled "Working the heel". Please read it and make notes in the cable sequence when you reach the appropriate rows so that your socks turn out the same.

Working the heel.

Option One, Full Gusset.

More work than Option Two, but it produces a nice roomy heel and gusset area. This is how I did my socks.

When your sock measures 3" less than the length of your foot, begin gusset shaping by making sure that the front 26 sts containing the cable pattern are marked. You will shape your gusset on the rear 26 sts.

On each RS round, after working the cable pattern, work the next st after the last cable st and then increase in the next stitch. Work to the last two sts in the round, increase in the second last st, and work the last st as per normal.

On each WS round, work your sts even.

Repeat these two rounds while also working your cable pattern until there are 36 sts on the sole of your sock. For a US 9, start on Round 31 and end on Round 39.

Turning the heel.

On your last RS rnd, do not join when you get to the end. For the next little while you will not be working the front sts so make a note of which cable row you will be working on next so you don't get lost.

Chain 1, turn. (WS) Work back across your sole sts, until you have 11 sts left. (If you made more than a 10 st increase on your gusset, remember to work across until you have your number of increases plus 1.) Work a sc2tog over the next two sts, sc in next st, ch 1 and turn, leaving remaining sts unworked.

Next row (RS) Work back across these sts, until you have 11 sts left on this end. Repeat as before, working sc2tog, sc, ch 1 and turn.

Next row: Work across to the stair step created when you chained 1 and turned previously, work decrease over the last st in this short row and the st below by inserting the hook into the first st to be worked, draw up a loop, insert the hook into the side of the stitch, draw up a loop, insert the hook into the second st to be worked, drawing up a loop, yarn over and draw through all loops. Sc3tog just worked over two sts. This eliminates large holes in short rows. Work sc in next st, ch 1 and turn.

Continue in this fashion, until all sts are worked. If you find that you have stretched out areas between the front and back sts, work a sc2tog to tighten those areas up.

When all sts are worked, carry on with your cable pattern, working it through to the end (Round 44, which will be a WS round. sc across) On the next RS round, continue with Round 3 of cable pattern on both sides of sock for cuff.

Option Two, Afterthought Heel.

Much easier, but produces a somewhat narrower heel. When your sock measures 2" less than the length of your foot, work the 26 cable sts, chain 26 to create the heel opening, skip the rear 26 sts, and join your chain to the first st with a ss. Work the remaining pattern and after you've worked Round 44 (all sc) begin with Round 3 on both front and back sts so that there are two cable patterns going up the cuff. Finish the sock and then attach the yarn to the side of the heel opening with a ss. Work sc evenly around, adding one additional st at either side. Mark these sts and work decreases for the heel just like you worked increases for the toe.

Round 1: Work the first marked st, sc2tog over next 2 sts, work to 2 sts before next marker, sc2tog, work marked st, sc2tog over next 2 sts, work to last 2 sts of round, sc2tog.

Round 2: Work even.

Repeat these two rounds until you have 16–20 sts left. Turn the sock inside out and ss the opening shut. Fasten off and weave in your ends.

Cable Pattern:

Rnd 1: (RS) remove the beginning marker, ch 1, sc in this st, sc across, join 1st and last sts with ss.

Rnd 2: (WS) ch 1, turn, sc around, join with ss.

Rnd 3: (RS) Begin setting up cable pattern: 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc. Join with ss.

Rnd 4: (and all further WS rounds) ch 1, turn, sc across.

Rnd 5: 2 sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, TWR, TWL, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc.

Rnd 7: 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, TWR, 2 sc, X, 2sc, TWL, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc.

Rnd 9: 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, TWR, 2sc, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, 2sc, TWL, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc.

Rnd 11: 2sc, TWR, 2sc, TWR, 2 sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, TWL, 2sc, TWL, 2sc.

Rnd 13: 3sc, TWR, 2sc, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, 2sc, TWL, 3sc.

Rnd 15: 4sc, TWR, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, TWL, 4sc.

Rnd 17: 5sc, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, 5sc.

Rnd 19: 6sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 6sc.

Rnd 21: 5sc, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, 5sc.

Rnd 23: 5 sc, FPDC, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, FPDC, 5sc.

Rnd 25: 5sc, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, 5sc.

Rnd 27: 6sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 6sc.

Rnd 29: 5sc, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, 5sc.

Rnd 31: 4sc, TWL, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, TWR, 4sc.

Rnd 33: 3sc, TWL, 2sc, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, 2sc, TWR, 3sc.

Rnd 35: 2sc, TWL, 2sc, TWL, 2sc, X, 2sc, X, 2sc, TWR, 2sc, TWR, 2sc.

Rnd 37: 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, TWL, 2sc, TWL, TWR, TWL, TWR, 2sc, TWR, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc.

Rnd 39: 2 sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, TWL, 2sc, X, 2sc, TWR, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc.

Rnd 41: 2 sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2 sc, TWL, TWR, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc.

Rnd 43: 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc, FPDC, 2sc,

Cuff:

As mentioned in Heel sections, when heels are done being worked and first cable pattern sequence is finished, resume full cable pattern sequence again, starting on Round/Row Three on front and rear sts, Work the 44 row pattern sequence on both sides of sock.

Row 45: work one round of rsc. Fasten off and weave in ends.

My sock blog is linked at the bottom of this page if you have any questions.

Enjoy your socks!!!



[The Breton Yarnerie](#)